מאיירס - ג'וינט - מכון ברוקדייל MYERS - JDC - BROOKDALE INSTITUTE مايرس- جوينت - معهد بروكديل



Unit for Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning in Human Service Organizations

Promoting Organizational Learning Processes: A Handbook Introducing Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning

Sarit Ellenbogen-Frankovits ◆ Orna Shemer ◆ Jona Rosenfeld

This publication was made possible through the assistance of the Marshall Weinberg Fund for Professional Collaboration and Development



RESEARCH REPORT

S-138-11

Hebrew editing: Bilha Allon

English translation: Evelyn Abel

Design, layout and print production: Leslie Klineman

Illustrations: Orna Shemer

Myers-JDC-Brookdale Institute

Unit for Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning in Human Service Organizations P.O.B. 3886 Jerusalem 91037, Israel

Tel: (02) 655-7400 Fax: (02) 561-2391

Website: www.jdc.org.il/brookdale

Email: brook@jdc.org.il



Related Myers-JDC-Brookdale Institute Publications

Ellenbogen-Frankovits, S.; Rousso, L.; Rosenfeld, J.; (Forthcoming). See and Do, See and Renew. How to Disseminate and Implement Educational Experiments and Initiatives in Israel's Education System. The Contribution of the Method of Learning from Success. (Heb)

Gavish, T.; Rosenfeld, J. 2008. *Learning from Success in Elementary Education in Netanya*. RR-520-08 (Heb)

Rosenfeld, J.; Ellenbogen-Frankovits, S.; Elek, F.: Shemer, A. (Forthcoming). *The Third Method: Learning on Learning. A Method to Promote Ongoing Learning for the Sake of Action.* (Heb)

Rosenfeld, J.; Gilat, M.; Tal, D. 2010. Learning from Success in the Work of Youth Probation Officers. Ministry of Social Affairs and Social Services and Myers-JDC Brookdale Institute (Heb)

Rosenfeld, J.; Rosenberg, L.; Elek, F. 2009. *Learning from Success: Its Implications for the "Lights to Employment" Program of Amin, Documented Success as a Source of Principles of Action that Promote Employment 2006-2008*. RR-535-09

Rosenfeld, J.; Schon, D.; Sykes, I. 1995. *Out from Under – Lessons from Projects for Inaptly Served Children and Families*. M-36-95.

Sykes, I.; Rosenfeld, J.; Weiss, T. 2006. Learning from Success as Leverage for School-Wide Learning: A Pilot Program – 2002-2005. The First Method: Learning from Past Success – The Retrospective Method. RR-473-06 (Heb)

Weiss, T; Gavish, T.; Rosenfeld, J. 2007. Learning from Success as Leverage for School-Wide Learning: A Pilot Program – 2002-2005. The Second Method: From a Learning Question to a Learning Quest – The Prospective Method. RR-489-07 (Heb)

To order these publications, please contact the Myers-JDC-Brookdale Institute, P.O.B. 3886, Jerusalem, 91037; Tel: (02) 655-7400; Fax: (02) 561-2391; Email: brook@jdc.org.il

Executive Summary

The Myers-JDC-Brookdale Institute has a Unit for Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning in Human Resource Organizations. As part of its work, the unit offers programs to promote action-oriented learning processes based on learning from success. This work is closely followed by learning companions specially trained for the position by the unit.

This handbook describes the process of introducing the concept and practice of Learning from Success as a lever of ongoing learning in human service organizations. This, in order to enable learning companions to introduce it in organizational systems.

The program of Learning from Success rests on three interrelated learning methods:

- 1. First Method: Learning from Past Success the Retrospective Method
- 2. **Second Method**: From a Learning Question to the Quest for Learning the Prospective Method
- Third Method: Learning on Learning the Method for Introducing Ongoing Learning for Action

The aim of the three methods is to identify successes scored by members of any organizational system in order to produce the "actionable knowledge" that led to them. Such knowledge has the potential to promote the achievement of goals of a system and thereby also the wellbeing of the people it serves. The three methods combined can help introduce mechanisms for ongoing learning, which reflects the striving of the organizations and their members for constant improvement of their work.

Turning to this type of learning is enabled by members of an organization participating in an introductory workshop, which exposes them to reflection-based methods of learning and practice. The acquaintance with different modes of learning is facilitated by a learning companion experienced in doing so in different organizations.

The introductory meetings are planned together with the persons in charge of introducing ongoing learning into an organization, according to the special characteristics of each organization. The meetings provide an opportunity to acquaint participants with the conceptual world related to the processes of learning from success and ongoing learning, as well as to try out the method/s of learning, and to highlight any unresolved issues. The necessary steps preceding such meetings include preparing the learning space, coordinating the date and duration of a meeting, determining theoretical aspects, and deciding on the stakeholders who will participate in the process.

The handbook rests on the cumulative experience of learning companions in many different organizations and opens with a general outline of the recommended procedures. To this end, it familiarizes the reader with the methods presented in the handbook; one chapter includes the key contextual terms of, and for, learning from success. It also includes a quasi-dictionary that clarifies the ideas and the basic processes of learning. It is interspersed with quotations and concludes with appendices containing examples and recommended modes of action to be deployed. In addition, there is a bibliography, which enables readers to become acquainted both with the processes of learning from success and their theoretical background.

The introductory process to learning from success comprises three main stages:

- 1. The <u>preliminary meeting</u> focuses first on establishing initial contact with representatives of the organization interested in the process, it is followed by presenting the learning methods and, finally, by preparing for the introductory meeting.
- 2. The <u>second stage</u>, which comprises the heart of the handbook, consists of 10 phases of the introductory group meetings with the first learning group of the workshop where each phase is elaborated with explanations and examples.
- 3. The <u>third stage</u> relates to planning continued contact to outline ongoing learning processes for the future.

The Stages in the Process of Introduction to the Methods of Learning: Part I. Preparing for the Introductory Meeting

- a. Prior to the preparatory meeting
 - Preliminary study of the organizational system
 - Issues of coordination and preparation
- b. Initial meeting with the persons in charge of introducing the workshop into the organization, which includes the processes of:
 - Mutual acquaintance
 - Why "learn from success"?
 - Defining the goal of the introductory meeting
 - Characterizing potential candidates for the introductory workshop
 - Presenting the process of learning from success
 - Identifying preliminary goals of the process of learning
 - Administrative and organizational aspects
 - Aspects of content
- c. Tasks following the initial meeting
- d. Activities relating to the forthcoming introductory meeting

Part II. The Introductory Meeting

- 1. Mutual acquaintance and agreement on expectations
- 2. Presenting the goal of the introductory meeting and its course
- 3. Why "learn from success"?
- 4. Introduction to the background and key concepts related to the process of learning from success
- 5. Concise description of the three methods, their interrelationship and the significance of ongoing learning
- 6. Discourse on the implications of the process of learning
- 7. Practicing the first method and processing the experience
- 8. Questions and answers
- 9. Learning on learning how have we learned?
- 10. Summary and issues related to continuing the contact

Part III. Conclusion of the Introductory Process

- 1. Documentation proofreading and distribution to participants
- 2. Discussion of feasibility of continued contact

Acknowledgments

The handbook was written on the basis of knowledge produced from experience gained in the course of participating in meetings in which the learning methods were presented by the authors of the handbook and the partners to the process, both of whom created and implemented the formats of introducing the program of learning.

We are grateful to Frida Elek who was a partner to the development of the method of introduction and played an important role in documentation, processing raw material, and writing up the basics of this handbook. Our appreciation also goes to Reut Una-Tsameret who documented and analyzed the principles of action guiding the sessions of learning from success.

We especially thank Ruti Biran, Irit Aizik and Ilana Shani who carefully read the manuscript and contributed important remarks.

Thanks, too, to all the learning companions trained by the Unit for Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning in Human Service Organizations who shared with us the knowledge they had accumulated. Their varied experiences helped sharpen our perspective on writing this handbook. Some of them read parts of the draft and we are grateful for their comments.

Finally, we would like to thank our partners at the Myers-JDC-Brookdale Institute: Prof. Jack Habib, director, for his unique contribution to the conceptualization and development of the methodology; Beth Zisman, secretary of the Unit, for her professionalism and cooperation throughout; and the publications department – Bilha Allon, for Hebrew editing; Sue Bubis, graphic assistance; Evelyn Abel, English translation; and Leslie Klineman, design, layout and print production.

Table of Contents

Part A: 1. Introduction; 2. The Sequence of the Methodology Relating to	
the Introduction to Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning	1
1. Introduction	3
2. The Stages of Getting Acquainted with Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning	4
2.1 Preparations for the Introductory Meeting	4
2.2 The Introductory Meeting	6
2.3 Conclusion of the Introductory Process	7
Part B: The Method of Introduction	11
3. Mapping Out and Setting the Stage for the Method of Introduction	13
3.1 Preparations for the Introductory Meeting	13
3.2 The Introductory Meeting	16
3.3 Conclusion of the Introductory Process	38
Part C: Supporting the Process – How?	41
4. The Nature of the Process of Learning	43
4.1 Conditions Required for the Program of Learning	43
4.2 Accompanying the Program of Learning – Examples of the Principles of Action Deployed by Learning Companions	47
Part D. Basic Terms of Learning from Success	53
5. Basic Terms of Learning from Success	55
Bibliography	68

List of Appendices

	he Unit of Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning in Human Service Organizations	75
	he Process of Learning and the Actions that Further Learning from Success and Ongoing Learning, Sample of Presentation	s 79
Appendix III: S	Sample of Inquiry/Questioning	83
• •	The Documentation of the First Method, Learning from Past Success – the Retrospective Method, Sample of Presentation	86
	The Documentation of the Second Method – the Prospective Method, the Quest following a Learning Question, Sample Presentation	93
	Proposal for a Meeting to Introduce the Methods of Learning, Sample Letter	98
• •	: Invitation to Participants to an Introductory Workshop on the Methods of Learning, Sample of Letter	99
Appendix VIII	: On Tasks in-between the Introductory Meetings, Sample of Letter	100
Appendix IX:	Invitation to Introductory Meetings, Sample of Letter	101
Appendix X:	First Method, Retrospective Learning from Success: Stages of Inquiry	102
Appendix XI:	First Method, Retrospective Learning from Success: Documentation of Actions	103
Appendix XII	: First Method, Retrospective Learning from Success: Guidelines for Inquiry on Actions	104
	: Second Method, From a Learning Question to a Learning Quest – the Prospective Method: Stages	105
	': Second Method, From a Learning Question to a Learning Quest – the Prospective Method: Formulation of Alternative Learning Questions	106
Appendix XV	: Third Method, Learning on Learning – the Method of Ongoing Learning for Action: Factors that Promote or Inhibit Learning	107
Appendix XVI	I: Examples of Implementing Learning Questions and Ongoing Learning	108